SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: Peinture PROFESSIONNAL PAINT

Product code: 632002302, 632002309, 632002310, 632002305, 632001300, 632002311, 632002300, 632002301, 632002312, 632002303, 632005301, 632005302, 632005300, 632003300, 632003303, 632003301, 632003302, 632004800, 632004801, 632004300, 632004306, 632004301, 632004302, 632004303, 632004304, 632004305, 632006300, 632006301, 632006302, 632006305, 632006309, 632006002, 632006304, 6320073069, 632007309, 632007300, 632007001, 632007301, 632007302, 632007304, 632007307, 632007314, 632008301, 632001304, 632009300, 632009301, 632009303, 632001301, 632001302, 632001303

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

As spray

PROFESSIONAL PAINT

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: A.M.P.E.R.E. SYSTEM

Address: 3 rue Antoine Balard - Z.I. du Vert Galant 95310 Saint-Ouen-l'Aumône - FRANCE

Telephone::+33 1 34 64 72 72 Fax:+33 1 30 37 55 17

fds@amperesystem.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number: 0344 892 0111

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 (Asp. Tox. 1, H304).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Chronic 2, H411).

2.2. Label elements

The mixture is an aerosol fitted with a sealed spray attachment.

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms







GHS02 GHS07

Signal Word:

DANGER

Product identifiers:

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS. EC 919-857-5

EC 605-296-0 FATTY ACIDS,C18, UNSADT, DIMERS, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH N,N-DIMETHYL-1,3PROPANEDIAMINE AND 1,3-PROPANEDIAMINE

Additional labeling:

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements - General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection/ ...

Precautionary statements - Response :

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/... if you feel unwell.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statements - Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition:

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 115-10-6	GHS02	[1]	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 204-065-8	Dgr	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX	Flam. Gas 1, H220		
	Press. Gas, H280		
DIMETHYL ETHER	·		
CAS: 64742-48-9	GHS08, GHS07, GHS02	Р	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 919-857-5	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119463258-33-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES,	STOT SE 3, H336		
ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS.	EUH:066		
INDEX: 606-001-00-8	GHS02, GHS07	[1]	25 <= x % < 50
CAS: 67-64-1	Dgr		
EC: 200-662-2	Flam. Lig. 2, H225		
REACH: 01-2119471330-49-XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
ACETONE	EUH:066		
EC: 905-588-0	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02		2.5 <= x % < 10
REACH: 01-2119486136-34-xxxx	Dgr		
	Flam. Lig. 3, H226		
PRODUCT OF REACTION OF ETHYLBENZENE	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
AND XYLENE	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	STOT RE 2, H373		

NIDEN 000 044 00 0	0.1000		0, 10
INDEX: 030-011-00-6	GHS09		2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 7779-90-0	Wng		
EC: 231-944-3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
REACH: 01-2119485044-40-XXXX	M Acute = 1		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)	M Chronic = 1		
CAS: 108-65-6	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 203-603-9	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	Flam. Lig. 3, H226		
	STOT SE 3. H336		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
CAS: 34590-94-8		[1]	0 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 252-104-2		' '	
REACH: 01-2119450011-60-XXXX			
(2-MÉTHOXYMÉTHYLETHOXY)PROPANOL			
INDEX: 022-006-00-2	GHS08	[1]	0 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 13463-67-7	Wng	[10]	
EC: 236-675-5	Carc. 2, H351	[]	
20.200 0.00	Sa. 3. 2, 1.33 .		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE [IN POWDER FORM			
CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES			
WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER <= 10 µM]			
CAS: 162627-17-0	GHS07		0 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 605-296-0	Wng		0 1- X 70 1 2.3
REACH: 01-21199706040-38-xxxx	Skin Sens. 1A. H317		
NEACH. 01-21199700040-30-XXXX	Skill Selis. 1A, 11317		
FATTY ACIDS,C18, UNSADT, DIMERS,			
REACTION PRODUCTS WITH			
N,N-DIMETHYL-1,3PROPANEDIAMINE AND			
1,3-PROPANEDIAMINE			

Specific concentration limits:

opecine concentration innits.		
Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
EC: 905-588-0		oral: ATE = 4000 mg/kg BW
REACH: 01-2119486136-34-xxxx		
PRODUCT OF REACTION OF ETHYLBENZENE		
AND XYLENE		
CAS: 108-65-6		oral: ATE = 8532 mg/kg BW
EC: 203-603-9		
REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE		

Information on ingredients:

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[7] Propellant gas

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

Note P: The carcinogen or mutagen classification does not apply because the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w of benzene (EINECS 200-753-7).

Note 10: The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 μ m.

Other data:

The percentage of the propellant gas is not taken into account in the aerosol's labeling.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

If swallowed accidentally, do not allow to drink, do not induce vomiting and transfer to hospital immediately by ambulance. Show the label to the doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

Pressurized container

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

-

Do not breathe spray.

Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Never inhale this mixture.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

Do not pierce or burn even after use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

It's to recommend to indicate the stock of spray. Sprays must be surrounded by a metal grating or by wall to avoid the projections of sprays.

Store between +5°C and +30°C

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union (2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE):

CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes :
115-10-6	1920	1000	-	-	-
67-64-1	1210	500	-	-	-
108-65-6	275	50	550	100	Peau
34590-94-8	308	50	-	-	Peau

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	500 ppm	750 ppm		A4; BEI	
34590-94-8	100 ppm	150 ppm		Skin	
13463-67-7	10 mg/m3			A4	

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 08/08/2019) :

	. (-,			
CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
115-10-6		1000 ppm		8(II)
		1900 mg/m ³		, ,
67-64-1		500 ppm		2(I)
		1200 mg/m ³		` '
108-65-6		50 ppm		1(I)
		270 mg/m ³		` '
34590-94-8		50 ppm		1(I)
		310 mg/m ³		` ′

- France (INRS - ED984 / 2020-1546) :

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes :	TMP No:
115-10-6	1000	1920	-	-	-	-
67-64-1	500	1210	1000	2420	-	84
108-65-6	50	275	100	550	-	-
34590-94-8	50	308	-	-	*	84
13463-67-7	-	10	-	-	-	-

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020):

	rkpiace exposure iii		-		
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria :
115-10-6	400 ppm	500 ppm			
	766 mg/m ³	958 mg/m ³			
67-64-1	500 ppm	1500 ppm			
	1210 mg/m ³	3620 mg/m ³			
108-65-6	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk	
	274 mg/m ³	548 mg/m ³			
34590-94-8	50 ppm			Sk	
	308 mg/m ³				
13463-67-7	4 mg/m³				

Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

(2-MÉTHOXYMÉTHYLETHOXY)PROPANOL (CAS: 34590-94-8)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 65 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

310 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term syste

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

1.67 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 15 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 37.2 mg of substance/m3

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: Long term systemic effects. 153.5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 275 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 1.67 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 54.8 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 33 mg of substance/m3

PRODUCT OF REACTION OF ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 180 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 289 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 77 mg of substance/m3

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)

Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 186 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: Long term systemic effects. 1210 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 2420 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

62 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

62 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 200 mg of substance/m3

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS. (CAS: 64742-48-9)

Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 208 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 871 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

125 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: Long term systemic effects. 125 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: Long term systemic effects. 185 mg of substance/m3

Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

(2-MÉTHOXYMÉTHYLETHOXY)PROPANOL (CAS: 34590-94-8)
Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 2.74 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water.
PNEC: 19 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.
PNEC: 1.9 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 190 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC : 70.2 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 7.02 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC : 4168 mg/l

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6) Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 0.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.0635 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC : 6.35 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 3.29 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.329 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

PRODUCT OF REACTION OF ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.327 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 12.46 mg/l

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 29.5 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water.

PNEC: 10.6 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water.

Environmental compartment: Sea water PNEC: 1.06 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 21 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water predators (oral).

PNEC: 3.04 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Salt water predators (oral).

PNEC: 30.4 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):









Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149/A1.

Category:

- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- A1 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143:

- P1 (White)

Exposure controls linked to environmental protection

Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Spray : Pressure to 20°C : $4.0 \text{ bars} \pm 1 \text{ bar}$

Booster: colorless liquid propellent / explosed caracteristics (%vol): 3.3 -

26.20

Physical state

Physical state : Fluid liquid.

Colour

Unspecified

Odour

Odour threshold: Not stated.

Melting point

Melting point/melting range : Not relevant.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range : Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range : Not relevant.

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%):

Not stated.

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%):

Not stated.

Flash point

Flash point interval: Not relevant.

Auto-ignition temperature

Self-ignition temperature : Not relevant.

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not relevant.

pН

pH (aqueous solution):

pH:

Not stated.

Not relevant.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Not stated.

Solubility

Water solubility: Insoluble. Fat solubility: Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C): Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).

Density and/or relative density

Density: <1

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

9.2. Other information

No data available.

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

Aerosols

Chemical combustion heat: >= 30 kJ/g.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

Avoid storing more than 2 years

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- heating
- heat

Keep away from oxydizing agent, acids or base

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity:

FATTY ACIDS,C18, UNSADT, DIMERS, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH N,N-DIMETHYL-1,3PROPANEDIAMINE AND

1,3-PROPANEDIAMINE (CAS: 162627-17-0)

Oral route : LD50 > 10000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

(2-MÉTHOXYMÉTHYLETHOXY)PROPANOL (CAS: 34590-94-8)

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species : Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 9510 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Oral route : LD50 = 8532 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 35.7

PRODUCT OF REACTION OF ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE

Oral route: LD50 = 4000 mg/kg

Species : Rat

Species : Rabbit

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS. (CAS: 64742-48-9)

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) : LC50 > 5 mg/l

Species : Rat

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

(2-MÉTHOXYMÉTHYLETHOXY)PROPANOL (CAS: 34590-94-8)

Species : Rabbit

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

11.1.2. Mixture

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

May cause eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Can cause skin allergy

Carcinogenicity:

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Aspiration hazard :

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 64-17-5: IARC Group 1: The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 13463-67-7: IARC Group 2B: The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Fish toxicity: NOEC = 47.5 mg/l

Species: Oryzias latipes

Duration of exposure : 14 days OECD Guideline 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test: 14-day Study)

Crustacean toxicity: NOEC >= 100 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna

Duration of exposure : 21 days
OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

PRODUCT OF REACTION OF ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 2.6 mg/l

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure: 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 1 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna Duration of exposure: 24 h

Algae toxicity: $ECr50 = 2.2 \, mg/l$

Duration of exposure: 72 h

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS. (CAS: 64742-48-9)

LC50 > 1000 mg/l Fish toxicity:

Duration of exposure: 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 1000 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 1000 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

FATTY ACIDS, C18, UNSADT, DIMERS, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH N,N-DIMETHYL-1,3PROPANEDIAMINE AND

1,3-PROPANEDIAMINE (CAS: 162627-17-0)

LC50 > 150 mg/l Fish toxicity:

Species: Leuciscus idus Duration of exposure: 48 h

EC50 > 150 mg/l Crustacean toxicity:

Species: Daphnia magna

Duration of exposure: 48 h

(2-MÉTHOXYMÉTHYLETHOXY)PROPANOL (CAS: 34590-94-8)

LC50 = 10000 mg/lFish toxicity:

Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure: 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 1919 mg/l

Species: Daphnia sp. Duration of exposure: 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

NOEC = 0.5 mg/lSpecies: Daphnia magna Duration of exposure: 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

ECr50 = 969 mg/l Algae toxicity:

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

NOEC > 969 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 96 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

FATTY ACIDS, C18, UNSADT, DIMERS, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH N,N-DIMETHYL-1,3PROPANEDIAMINE AND

1,3-PROPANEDIAMINE (CAS: 162627-17-0)

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading Biodegradability:

quickly.

(2-MÉTHOXYMÉTHYLETHOXY)PROPANOL (CAS: 34590-94-8)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

auickly.

PRODUCT OF REACTION OF ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS. (CAS: 64742-48-9)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.3.1. Substances

(2-MÉTHOXYMÉTHYLETHOXY)PROPANOL (CAS: 34590-94-8) Octanol/water partition coefficient : $\log \text{ Koe} = 0.004$

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

Octanol/water partition coefficient :

OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC Method)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 2: Hazardous for water.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Do not pierce or burn even after use.

Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2021 - IMDG 2020 - ICAO/IATA 2021).

14.1. UN number or ID number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	ldent.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344	E0	2	D
							625			
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage	Segregation	
								Handling		
	2	See SP63	3 -	See SP277	F-D. S-U	63 190 277	E0	- SW1 SW22	SG69	
						327 344 381				
						959				

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
•	•	•	_					•	•

2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	 A145 A167 A802	E0
2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	A145 A167	E0
						A802	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2021/643 (ATP 16)
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2021/849 (ATP 17)

- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 2: Hazardous for water.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer .
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations:

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

NOEC: The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW : Body Weight

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

STEL: Short-term exposure limit
TWA: Time Weighted Averages
TMP: French Occupational Illness table
TLV: Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02: Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.

AVISO DE DESCARGO DE RESPONSABILIDAD

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